



#### LeiLOX CBLO

#### Combines the advantages of TPLO and TTA

CBLO (CORA based leveling osteotomy) is a modern osteotomy technique to level the tibia plateau, similar to TPLO. However, CBLO addresses further challenges such as secondary (late) meniscal damage, overload of the caudal cruciate ligament, reduction of proximal anatomic axis shift and the secondary translation as well as misalignment of the joint.



#### Multiaxial Locking & Titanium

The screws can be locked in 90° angle with a 12° deviation in any direction. This allows you to angle the screws away from vital structures. The robust stardrive screw head can be locked firmly into the plate.

All LeiLOX CBLO Implant are made of Titanium by RITA LEIBINGER for the best biocompatibility.



# Anatomically Shaped Limited Contact Dynamic Compression Plates

The LeiLOX CBLO plates are contoured to match the anatomic shape of the bone. This makes it easier to place the plate in an optimal position.

The plate features limited contact dynamic compression to minimize vascular damage to the plated bone segment.



#### **Double Compression**

Two precisely designed compression holes enable a very tight compression of the osteotomy. This allows you to use a standard cortical screw as the cranio-caudal holding screw (instead of a headless compression screw).



#### Interchangeable 2.7 & 3.5mm Screws

Because the screwheads are identical, all CBLO plate sizes work with both the 2.7mm and the 3.5mm titanium CBLO screws. This offers flexibility and saves on inventory cost.



## **CBLO Surgery Protocol**

#### **Pre-operative Planning**

Proper positioning is essential for accurate planning. Orthogonal radiographs are taken with the stifle positioned at 90 degrees and the tarsus at 90 degrees for the lateral projection. The AP projection must have the stifle and tarsus included for the attending surgeon to assess limb alignment. The patient is best sedated for radiographs to assure optimal positioning.



The distal mid-diaphyseal line (FA) as well as the Tibia Plateau (TP) are determined. The proximal axis (PA) is determined from the intersection point on the tibia plateau with the angle  $\alpha$  (normally 80° = 90° (post-operative required TP angle)). The intersection point of FA and PA is the CORA. The angle  $\beta$  is then the correction. The required saw blade is determined by a circle CORA as the centre point. Draw and measure a line (D1) from the insertion of the patella tendon to the point at which the saw blade crosses the cranial cortex. Draw and measure a second line (D2) from the joint line at a point where the

MCL crosses the joint to the location where the saw blade crosses the caudal cortex. With theses D1 and D2 measurements the osteotomies can be positioned correctly during the surgery.

#### **Determine the correction**

Based on the measured correction angle and the selected saw blade select the appropriate correction in the Leibinger LeiLox CBLO Rotation Chart in the field "Rotation". (see table at the end of this text)

#### Positionierung des Patienten

The dog is placed in a dorsal recumbency with the affected limb suspended from a stand. Make sure that the dog's paws are not fixed too tightly, since the affected limb will be put against the table later in the surgery. CBLO is performed through a medial skin incision. The internal structures of the joint should be examined, this is accomplished arthroscopically or with a medial open mini arthrotomy. Most importantly, the caudal horn of the medial meniscus must be examined closely and torn meniscus parts excised if present. Next, the insertion of the sartorius muscle is reflected from the medial tibia to expose the MCL. Limited reflection of the popliteal muscle and protection of the popliteal artery with gauze packing or Hohmann retractor is optional. D1 and D2 measurements are marked distal to the insertion of the patella tendon (D1) and distal to the joint line at the MCL (D2). The surgeon may choose to use a jig or can perform the osteotomy without a jig if he/she has experience performing a CBLO without a jig. The use of a jig is advised when performing a leveling osteotomy.



#### **Jigs-Placement**

The proximal pin of the jig is inserted about 3-4mm below the joint surface caudal to the MCL. The pin must be absolutely parallel to the joint surface. The Jig is slid over the proximal pin. The Jig can be used as a guide for placing the distal pin. Both pins must

be parallel to each other. The Jig must be in a right angle to the pins. After the positions are correct, the screws as well as the grub screws can be tightened.

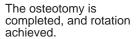


#### **Osteotomie**

The appropriate saw blade determined in the pre-operative planning is positioned at D1/D2 and a circular osteotomy begins. The osteotomy is stopped when 1/3 to 1/2 complete. Move the saw circularly so that it won't stick. The pre-operatively determined correction measurements (in mm) should be marked for example by a small chisel and mallet.



At the insertion point of the patella a 2.0mm pin can be preplaced without crossing the osteotomy.





The rotation is made with the pin so that the marks are aligned. The osteotomy is then stabilized with the pin. Carefully avoid a rotation or valgus mistake. The preplaced pin is directed across the osteotomy under the

medial cortex to exit the caudal cortex of the tibia distal to the osteotomy.

# Stabilization of the osteotomy with plate compression

The CBLO is a leveling procedure but also advances the tibial crest cranially. Advancing the tibial crest cranially increases the structural moment arm of the tibia and therefore quadriceps force on the osteotomy. To increase the stability, the osteotomy should be compressed.



should be compressed. The osteotomy should also be compressed to induce faster healing. If the distal part of the plate lies completely on the tibial surface without pressing the proximal tibia laterally, the osteotomy can be compressed using the plate.

The LeiLox CBLO plate can be placed on the desired position and pre-fixed by a 1mm positioning Pin in the plate shaft

#### TTA RAPID Technique

#### Sequenz of the screws with platecompression





- The first screws to be placed are 2 cortical screws in the 2 compression holes in the plate (marked as 1 and 2 in the picture). Drill the holes with the matching compression drill guide facing distal. Place the

screw but do not tighten yet.

- Place the proximal locking screws in the plate head (screws 3-5). Drill the hole with the matching locking drill guide and insert the screw one by one. Fully tighten the screws.

Note: the locking mechanism of the LeiLox CBLO plate is designed multi-axial. In case there is a risk of the screws ending in the joint when drilling in a 90-degree angle, just change the angle of the drill guide facing distal.

The stabilizing pin as well as the positioning pin are remo-

- Tighten the compression screws 1 and 2
- Finalize the plate fixation with the locking screw 6
- To counteract the pull of the quadriceps muscle a screw should be placed in the same location as the pin through the crest in a caudo-distal direction.



In large doges it is advised to place 2 cranial screw to counteract the quadriceps force. In giant breed dogs the placement of a second plate should be considered.







Image: Big dogs, stabilized with a 3.5mm broad plate and two cranial screw

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**CBLO**.leibinger.vet

## **LeiLOX CBLO Rotation Chart**



Co	rrection Ang	gle	5°	6°	7°	8°	9°	10°	11°	12°	13°	14°	15°	16°	17°	18°	19°	20°	21°	22°	23°	24°	25°	26°	27°	28°	29°	30°	31°	32°	33°	34°
	Radians		0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.12	0.13	0.14	0.15	0.16	0.17	0.17	0.18	0.19	0.20	0.21	0.22	0.23	0.24	0.24	0.25	0.26	0.27	0.28	0.29	0.30
	9mm		0.8	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.7	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.2	4.4	4.5	4.7	4.8	5.0	5.1	5.3
	12mm	u	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.8	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.6	4.8	5.0	5.2	5.4	5.6	5.8	6.0	6.2	6.4	6.6	6.8	7.0
	15mm		1.3	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.6	2.9	3.1	3.4	3.7	3.9	4.2	4.4	4.7	5.0	5.2	5.5	5.7	6.0	6.2	6.5	6.7	7.0	7.3	7.5	7.8	8.0	8.3	8.5	8.8
aw blade	18mm		1.6	1.9	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.1	3.5	3.8	4.1	4.4	4.7	5.0	5.3	5.6	5.9	6.3	6.6	6.9	7.2	7.5	7.8	8.1	8.4	8.7	9.0	9.3	9.6	9.9	10.2	10.5
	21mm	otation	1.8	2.2	2.6	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.0	4.4	4.8	5.1	5.5	5.8	6.2	6.6	6.9	7.3	7.7	8.0	8.4	8.7	9.1	9.4	9.8	10.2	10.5	10.9	11.2	11.6	11.9	12.3
Ss	24mm	ž	2.1	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.8	4.2	4.6	5.0	5.4	5.8	6.3	6.7	7.1	7.5	7.9	8.3	8.7	9.2	9.6	10.0	10.4	10.8	11.2	11.6	12.0	12.4	12.8	13.2	13.6	14.0
	27mm		2.4	2.8	3.3	3.8	4.2	4.7	5.2	5.6	6.1	6.6	7.0	7.5	8.0	8.4	8.9	9.4	9.8	10.3	10.8	11.2	11.7	12.1	12.6	13.1	13.5	14.0	14.4	14.9	15.3	15.8
	30mm		2.6	3.1	3.7	4.2	4.7	5.2	5.8	6.3	6.8	7.3	7.8	8.4	8.9	9.4	9.9	10.4	10.9	11.4	12.0	12.5	13.0	13.5	14.0	14.5	15.0	15.5	16.0	16.5	17.0	17.5
	33mm		2.9	3.5	4.0	4.6	5.2	5.8	6.3	6.9	7.5	8.0	8.6	9.2	9.8	10.3	10.9	11.5	12.0	12.6	13.2	13.7	14.3	14.8	15.4	16.0	16.5	17.1	17.6	18.2	18.7	19.3



## 2.7/3.5 CBLO Sets

#### 2.7/3.5 CBLO Implant Set

Contains:

1 CBLO Implant Tray

1 Screwrack CBLO 2.7

1 Screwrack CBLO 3.5

2 of each CBLO Plate

3 of each Self Tapping Screw

(16-34mm)

5 of each 2.7 Locking Screw

(16-46mm)

5 of each 3.5 Locking Screw

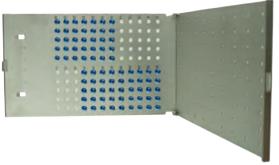
(16-60mm)

#### 142-4000-10

Tray without contents.

142-4000-01







#### **TPLO/CBLO Instrument Set**

Contains:

1 CBLO Instrument Tray

2 Drills (2.0 & 2.5mm)

3x2 K-Wires (1.0, 2.5 & 3.0mm)

2x2 Locking Drill Guides

2 TPLO Jigs

1 Screwdriver Handle

1 Screwdriver Shaft

1 Depth Gauge

1 Castroviejo Caliper

2 Compression Drill Guides

#### 142-0100-01

Tray without contents.

142-0100-20

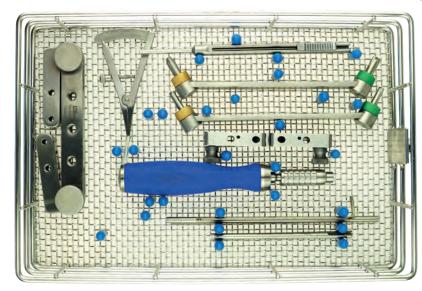


for Trays, 310x190x130mm blue (image)

150-5401-30

green

150-5402-30







## **CBLO Plates**

#### **CBLO Plates**

Titanium





LeiLox CBLO Plate, 2.7 mm, right, 55 mm, multiaxial locking

142-2327-00



LeiLox CBLO Plate, 3.5 mm, left, 70 mm, multiaxial locking

142-2335-10



LeiLox CBLO Plate, 3.5 mm, right, 70 mm, multiaxial locking

142-2335-00





LeiLox CBLO Plate, broad, 3.5 mm, right, 78 mm, multiaxial locking

142-2335-50

## 2.0 + 2.4mm sices forthcoming

Feel free to contact us!



#### **CBLO Screws Rack**

# Cortical Screw Star-Drive (Non-Locking)

## 2.7 LeiLOX Locking Cortical Screw Titan

for LeiLox Locking System, Star Drive T10 self-holding (T10 Shaft from Rita Leibinger needed) self-tapping with three flute cutting edge





Length (mm)	Product Code
16	242-227-16
18	242-227-18
20	242-227-20
22	242-227-22
24	242-227-24
26	242-227-26
28	242-227-28
30	242-227-30
32	242-227-32
34	242-227-34
36	242-227-36
38	242-227-38
40	242-227-40
42	242-227-42
44	242-227-44
46	242-227-46

## 3.5 LeiLOX Locking Cortical Screw Titan

for LeiLox Locking System, Star Drive T10 self-holding (T10 Shaft from Rita Leibinger needed) self-tapping with three flute cutting edge





Length (mm)	Product Code
16	242-235-16
18	242-235-18
20	242-235-20
22	242-235-22
24	242-235-24
26	242-235-26
28	242-235-28
30	242-235-30
32	242-235-32
34	242-235-34
36	242-235-36
38	242-235-38
40	242-235-40
42	242-235-42
44	242-235-44
46	242-235-46
48	242-235-48
50	242-235-50
52	242-235-52
54	242-235-54
56	242-235-56
58	242-235-58
60	242-235-60



# Locking Cortical Screw Star-Drive 2.7 / 3.5

## 2.7 Cortical Screw (Non-Locking) Titan

Star Drive T10

self-holding (T10 Shaft from Rita Leibinger needed) self-tapping with three flute cutting edge





Length (mm)	Product Code
16	245-527-16
18	245-527-18
20	245-527-20
22	245-527-22
24	245-527-24
26	245-527-26
28	245-527-28
30	245-527-30

245-527-32

245-527-34

# 3.5 Cortical Screw (Non-Locking) Titan

Star Drive T10

self-holding (T10 Shaft from Rita Leibinger needed) self-tapping with three flute cutting edge





Length (mm)	Product Code
16	245-535-16
18	245-535-18
20	245-535-20
22	245-535-22
24	245-535-24
26	245-535-26
28	245-535-28
30	245-535-30
32	245-535-32
34	245-535-34



32 34

for 2.7 mm 0 screws, for 3.5 mm 0 screws

Product Code	Description						
150-0527-00	for 2.7 mm screws						
150-0535-00	for 3.5 mm screws						
150-4027-00	for 2.7mm screws (extended: 6-52mm)						
150-4035-00	for 3.5 mm screws (extended: 6-70mm)						



